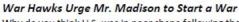
## Madison's War of 1812







Why do you think U.S. was in poor shape following the repeal of the Embargo

How did the War Hawks propose the U.S. regain its honor?

called the "second" war of independence?

#### Before the War: Jefferson Defende Why was France willing to sell

Why do you think Jefferson war

# Today you will be:

reading the Studies Weekly and writing in our notebooks



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Why did the British navy often stop and search U.S. cargo ships?



#### Major Events of the War of 1812

What happened on April 1813?

What happened on August 1814?

How long was the war over when Jackson defeated the British at the Battle of New Orleans?

What is the name of the treaty that Madison declares the war is over?



The Embargo Act of 1807 Why did the Embargo Act fail?

Why would Great Britain participate in impressment?

#### The Star-Spangle Banner

The WAR of 1812

What was one positive result when War of 1812 was over?

Why was Francis Scott Key on the British shop when he witnessed the Battle of Fort McHenry?

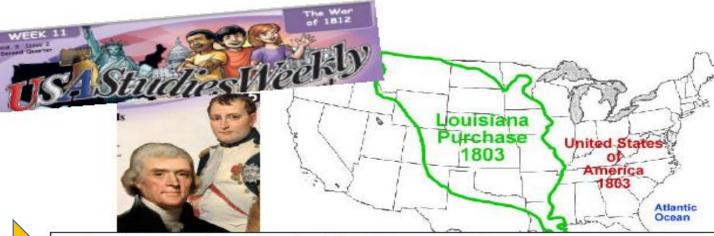
What did Congress voted in 1931?





United States found itself in the middle of a fight with Great Britain. By that time, James Madison was the president. Once again, we were at war with the country from which we had won our independence just a few decades earlier. How did the War of 1812 begin? What happened after the war was over?

## Before the War: Jefferson Defends the Louisiana Purchase



Before the War: Jefferson Defends the Louisiana Purchase

Why was France willing to sell the Louisiana Territory?

Why do you think Jefferson wanted to keep the U.S. out of disagreements between European countries?

# • Rumors of War

## • The Embargo Act of 1807



#### Rumors of War

Explain why both Great Britain and France did not want the US to ship goods to the other.

Why did the British navy often stop and search U.S. cargo ships?



The Embargo Act of 1807 Why did the Embargo Act fail?

Why would Great Britain participate in impressment?



# The War of 1812

#### Rumors of War

Just weeks after seiling the Louisiana Territory to the United States, France was at war with Great Britain. The United States quickly made plans to keep doing business with both countries while staying out of the war itself. The United States depended on the money it made selling goods to

> European countries and could not afford to lose any of that business. So we kept selling food to both Great Britain

At first, Great Britain and France were OK with that plan. But soon both countries began to question whose side we were on. Great Britain and France began slowing down and sometimes stopping cargo ships (ships carrying goods) on the Atlantic Ocean. Many times British or French sailors searched the cargo areas of U.S. ships. Both countries wanted to make sure the United States wasn't supplying the other with weapons. Americans wanted to stay out of the war, but that was getting harder to do.

#### The Embargo Act of 1807

President Jefferson and his advisors decided that the United States had to do something to put an end to the bullying of our ships by Great Britain and Prance. He believed the United States should stop sending American supplies to both countries. That

would teach them a lesson! So Congress passed the Embargo Act of 1807. An embargo is an order to stop ships from delivering goods. The law said that no goods could be shipped to any foreign port. The United States hoped that both France and Great Britain would be devastated without American supplies. Unfortunately the Embargo Act backfired. The two nations at war were able to get along just fine without U.S. goods. When the deliveries stopped, ships full of rotting food were left in American harbors. The people of the United States were very unhappy, and President Jefferson repealed (cancelled) the Embargo Act. U.S. ships began sailing again, but soon they were again being treated badly by the European countries. British ships continued capturing U.S. sailors and forcing them to fight for the British



#### War Hawks Urge Mr. Madison to Start a War

James Madison was Thomas Jefferson's secretary of state. He knew a lot about history and government and was known as the "Father of the Constitution." He also helped write the Bill of Rights. In 1808 he succeeded, or followed, Jefferson to become the fourth president of the United States.

Our nation was not in good shape. The Embargo Act had left the United States feeling angry and upset. People lost a lot of money during this time. They also believed that many problems with American Indians were caused by the British. Everyone wanted the United States to be strong and proud again. Many Americans wanted the United States to declare another war against Great Britain.

A group of Congressmen called the War Hawks convinced Madison to declare war. Congress agreed, and in June 1812 the United States was again at war with Great Britain.

#### An End to War, But Not to Problems

The War of 1812 ended on Christmas Eve. 1814. Communication was slow in those days, and word of the end of the war didn't reach General Andrew Jackson in New Orleans. There, in early January 1815, he led an army of over 4,000 men. Some were regular U.S. soldiers, but others were frontiersmen from southern states, former slaves from Haiti and even pirate outlaws. They banded together against a British army of almost 8,000. When the Battle of

New Orleans was over, 2,000 British soldiers had been killed, while the United States lost only 13 men.

Jackson's victory saved New Orleans even though the war had been over for days. The Treaty of Ghent was signed in February 1815, officially ending the war. What did Americans gain from the War of 1812? Something very important—the reputation as a world power.

#### Major Events of the War of 1812

- June 1812 United States declares war against Great Britain
- July 1812 First battle of the war as United States invades British-ruled Canada
- August 1812 U.S. troops surrender to Bri and American Indian forces at Detroit, Mic
- August 1812 U.S. ship the USS Constitut defeats the British ship HMS Guerriere
- November 1812 James Madison re-elected president
- December 1812 The USS Constitution defeats the HMS Java
- March 1813 British Navy begins raids in the Chesapeake Bay area
- April 1813 Americans capture Toronto
- May 1813 British Navy blockades most middle and southern states in the United
- November 1813 British offer to talk peace with the United States
- · April 1814 British Navy blockades New

Week 11 of 32 . Page 3

- July 1814 British forces occupy Maine
- August 1814 U.S. banks and economy in serious trouble while peace talks begin
- August 1814 The British burn Washington.
- September 1814 Frances Scott Key writes "The Star Spangled Banner" at Fort McHenry
- January 1815 General Andrew Jackson and troops defeat the British at the Battle of New
- February 1815 Peace Treaty of Ghent ratified and President Madison declares the war at an end

#### BY THE PRESIDENT

#### ALLRUULA INTELLIUM

- DONE is the City of Walkington, the electronity by a Jess, are the small right banks and trains, and of the belignminum of the United Basis the Electronics.
- President James Madison
  - 2. President Andrew Jackson
  - 3. Andrew Jackson led U.S. troops against the British at the Battle of New Orleans.
  - 4. The USS Constitution captured five British ships of war in the War of 1812.

(Background) The British burned the capital building in Washington D.C.

(Above) U.S. Proclamation of War against

## War Hawks An End to War Major Events



#### War Hawks Urge Mr. Madison to Start a War

Why do you think U.S. was in poor shape following the repeal of the Embargo Act?

How did the War Hawks propose the U.S. regain its honor?

Why do you think War of 1812 is called the "second" war of independence?

#### An End to War, But Not to Problems

Why Andrew Jackson was not immediately told the war ended?

Jackson led an army at the Battle of New Orleans, who banded together?





#### Major Events of the War of 1812

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# Star-Spangled Banner

#### The Star-Spangle Banner

What was one positive result when War of 1812 was over?

Why was Francis Scott Key on the British shop when he witnessed the Battle of Fort McHenry?

What did Congress voted in 1931?



### The Star-Spangled Banner

The War of 1812 was a complicated one. There were many causes and unclear outcomes. One positive result of this war may have been a feeling of national pride. Americans had proved that the country was indeed a world power. This feeling of patriotism can be seen in "The Star-Spangled Banner," our country's national anthem, which was written during the war.

In September 1814, the United States and Great Britain fought a terrible battle near Baltimore, Maryland, at Fort McHenry. British ships attacked the fort from the harbor early in the morning. They blasted the fort with cannon fire. Rockets whizzed through the air and lit up the sky. The battle lasted through the night.

A lawyer named Francis Scott Key (right) was on a ship in the harbor. He had been trying to help get an American prisoner freed. The British agreed to release the man, but not until the battle at Fort McHenry was over. All night long Key watched and waited for a sign that his nation had won a victory.

At dawn the Fort McHenry soldiers knew they were going to defeat the British. In celebration they raised a giant United States flag and played "Yankee Doodle." Key was eight miles away down the river, but he clearly saw the flag. He wrote the words to "The Star-Spangled Banner" as a poem to remember that night.

The poem was put to the music of a popular song of the day and quickly became a favorite of the people. In 1931 Congress voted to make "The Star-Spangled Banner" the national anthem for the United States of America.



# What did you learn??

