

Reading Overview

George Washington's Presidency Timeline

Directions:

1. Read each slide

2. Write the important information & vocabulary words

Civic Virtue

George Washington was the 1st president
 John Adams was vice-president
 He was elected because of his civic virtue



Page 21

Nord Civic Virtue Nocao honorable behavior to their town or city Example: voting, volunteering, organizing a neighborhood clean up, student council..

Civic Virtue

 Commander-in-Chief during the American Revolution
 Characteristics include:

 Strong leader, courageous and good reputation



Washington's Term in Office

George Washington took office April 30, 1789,
 During his two terms (8years) he faced both foreign and domestic issues.



Domestic Issues





(Issues Happening Here At Home)

Domestic

Page 21

Relating to the home





Battle of Fallen Timbers

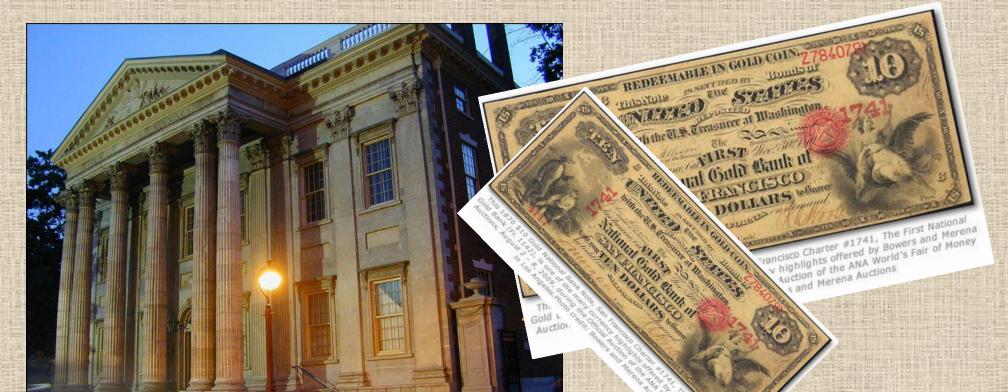
 Washington ordered troops to push the Native American off their land in the Northwest Territory
 Native Americans were forced to move west

Washington has to protect the nation's territory.



National Bank

- Washington had to create the national bank.
 Bank protected the gov.'s money and printed a common currency
- Alexander Hamilton was the Secretary of Treasury



Not Treasury Department

Page 21

A department in the executive branch that deals with the nation's finances (\$)



I am Alexander Hamilton. I started the national bank



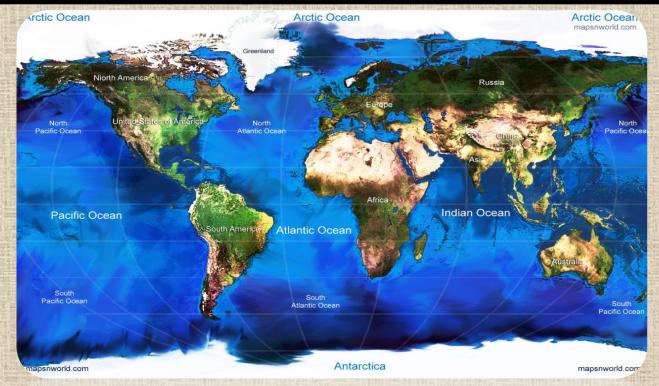
Whiskey Rebellion

Farmers rebelled over tax on whiskey
 Washington sent in 13,000 troops to put down the rebellion

• Wanted to show the new gov. was strong



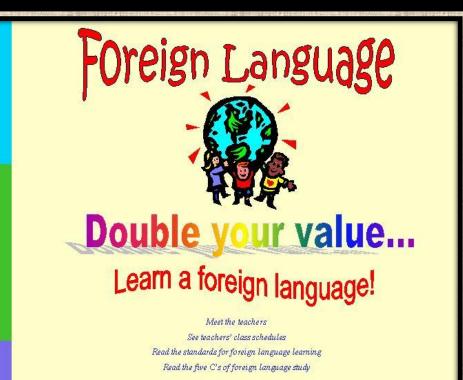
Foreign Affairs



(Things Happening in other parts of the World)



oroabulary word Relating to another country





Page 21

France at war with England

The poor and starving French citizens were inspired by American Revolution

The French revolted against their king
 France and England were at war



French Revolution

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IuEFm84s4oI



France at war with England

France asked America to help them fight
 France argued it was now America's turn to help them.



France at war with England

- George Washington wanted to stay neutral in foreign affairs.
- □France had been an ally(friend)
- Our economy depended trade with Britain

What are you going to do?



Page 21

Neutral- not taking any side



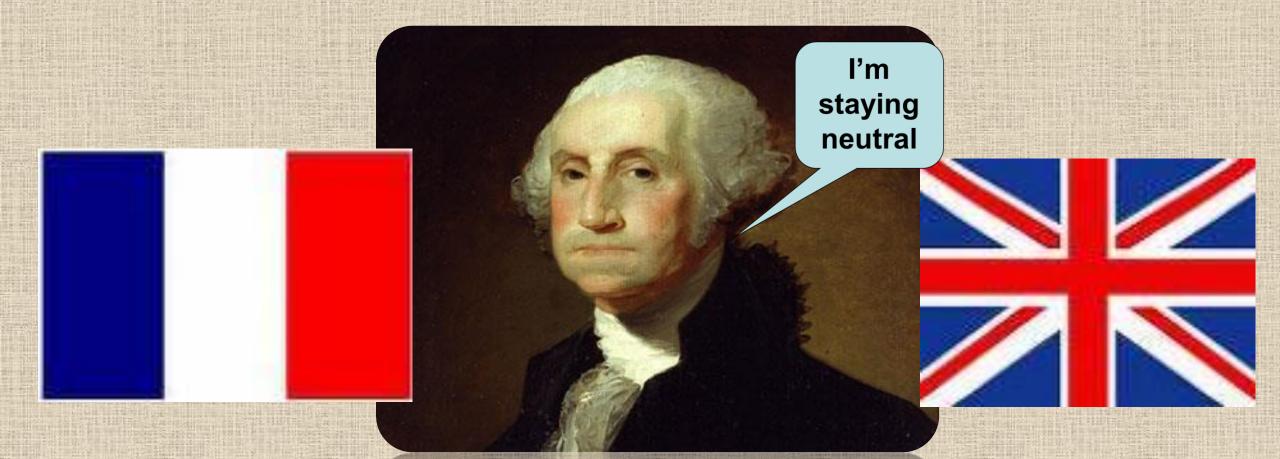
Hmm....the French helped us gain our freedom during the American Revolution.

But....Despite the war we still trade lots of stuff with England...

What to do....What to do....

Proclamation of Neutrality

George Washington issued the nation to stay neutral.This meant he refused to take sides in all foreign matters.

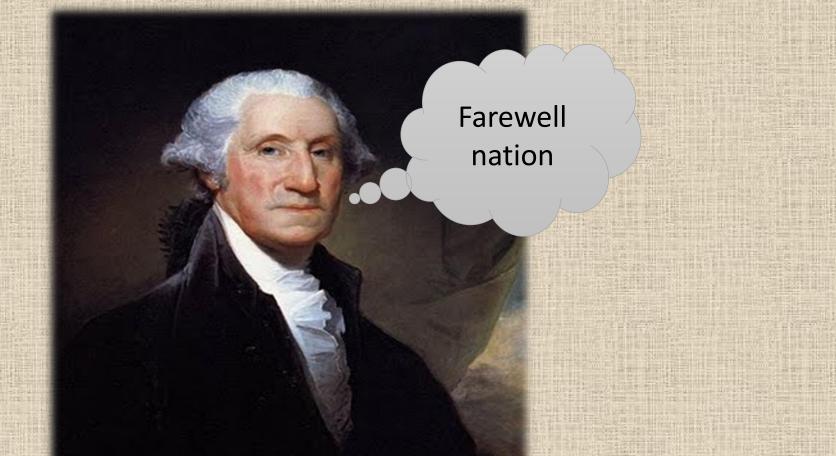


l'm staying neutral

Lets talk about my Farewell Address



Nord Farewell Address **Address means announcement**



Washington's Farwell Address In Washington's Farewell Address he warned of 3 things:



 Remain neutral in foreign affairs
 Avoid political parties- would hurt nation's unity
 Stay out of debt

Washington's Farwell Address

I'm out of here people but please remember...America needs to stay neutral when it comes to foreign policy

George Washington Summary

1st president and from Virginia

Chief executive of U.S.

<u>Leader</u> Commanded the US continental army during the revolution

Battle of Fallen Timbers-Native Americans give up land

> <u>Whiskey Rebellion-</u> Washington tried to tax whiskey and people revolted so she sent the army to put it down

Farewell Address:

 Avoid political parties (hurts unity of America)

2) Stay neutral- avoid foreign alliances (don't get involved)

3) Avoid debt

Cabinet:

Thomas Jefferson: wrote declaration of independence 1776 Alexander Hamilton- created national bank

Northwest Ordinance: Created a system for setting up states