Congress Plans & Reconstruction Amendments



Directions:

- 1. Write vocabulary words on page 127
- 2. Compare the Congress Plans and explain the Reconstruction Amendments by answering the guided questions

Reconstruction Vocabulary

Reconstruction Vocabulary

Page 128

Reconstruction Vocabulary Page



Timeline Voc.

Reconstruct

Freedmen

Legislative Programs

Assassination

Congress Plans & Amendments

Amnesty

Pardon

Confiscate

Civil rights

Amnesty

☐ To forgive someone from a crime



Pardon

☐ Forgive or excuse



Confiscate

☐To take away



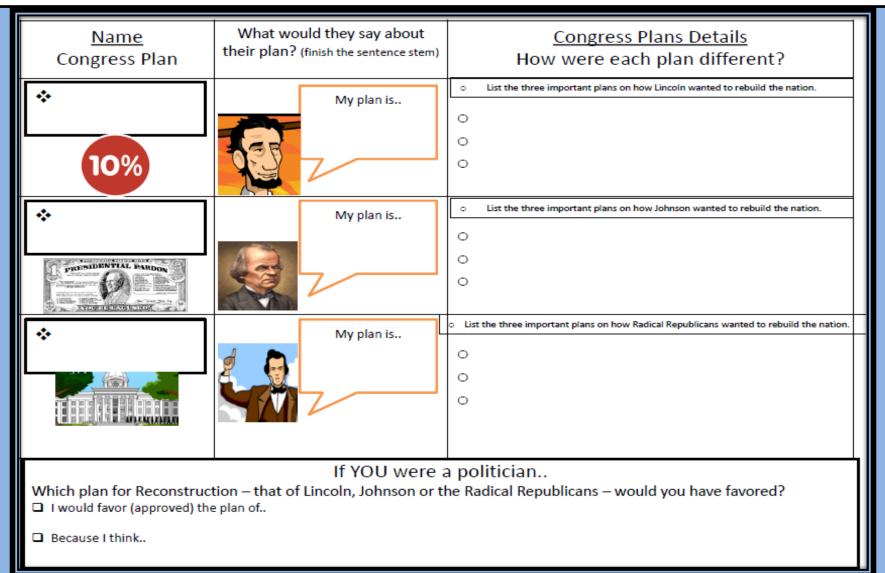
Civil Rights

□ Rights of citizens to freedom and equality



Congress Plans

- Compare the Congress Plans for Reconstruction
 - Complete the Congress Plan chart by reading each Congress Plan



Lincoln's 10% Plan



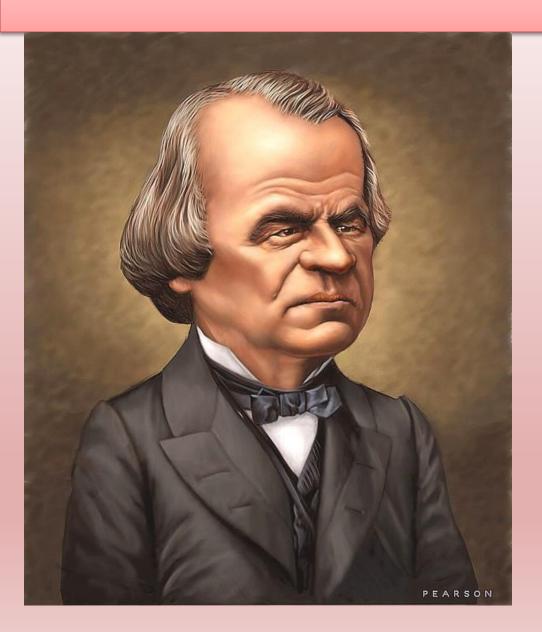


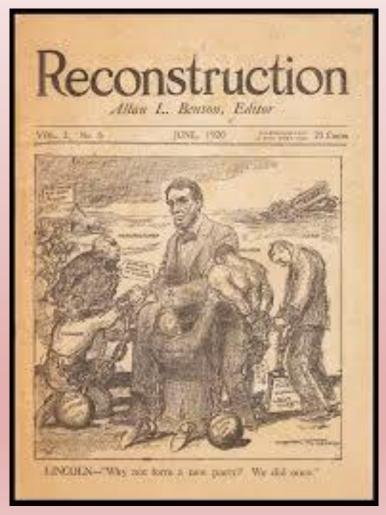
Lincoln's 10% Plan

- List the three important plans on how Lincoln wanted to rebuild the nation.
- √ 10% of a state's voters must swear loyalty to the Union before setting up a new government
- ✓ States must abolish slavery and educate African Americans
- ✓ Would pardon former Confederates and pay them for lost property



Johnson's Plan



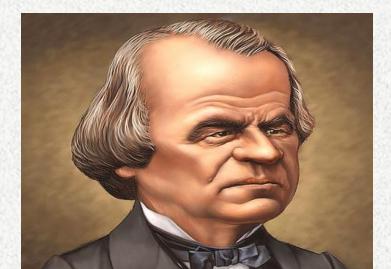




Johnson's Plan

List the three important plans on how Johnson wanted to rebuild the nation

- ✓ Johnson offered pardons and restoration of land to Confederates who swore loyalty to the Union
- ✓ Required each state to ratify (approve) the 13th amendment and abolish slavery
- ✓ Supported state's rights, which would allow to limit the freedoms of their former slaves





Radical Republican's Plan





Radical Republican's Plan

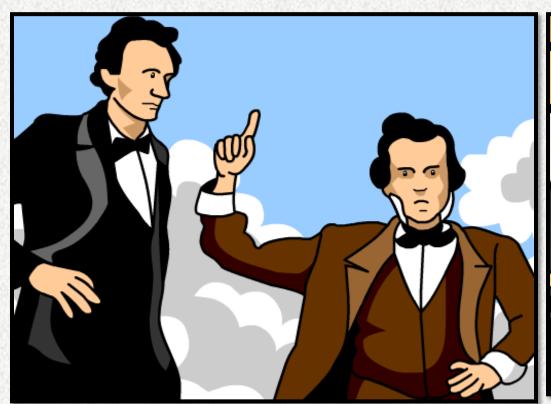
- List the three important plans on how Radical Republicans wanted to rebuild the nation
- ✓ Favored punishment and harsh terms for the South; confiscate Confederate land and give farm land to freedmen
- ✓ Must guarantee African Americans equality by the 14th Amendment
- ✓ Passed 15th Amendment forbidding any state from denying suffrage on the grounds of race and color





If you were a politician..

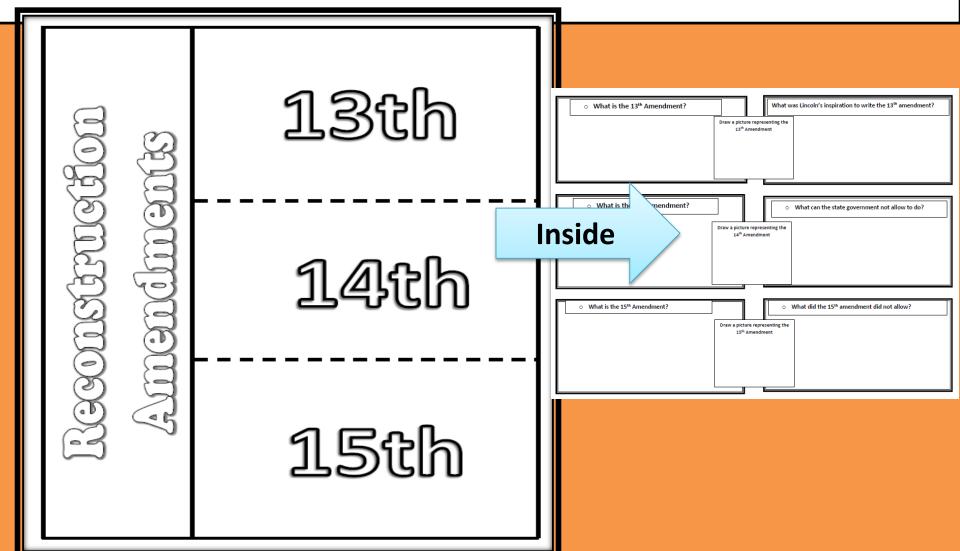
Which plan for Reconstruction – that of Lincoln, Johnson or the Radical Republicans – would you have favored (approved)?





Reconstruction Amendments

- Read the Reconstruction Amendments (13th, 14th, 15th)
- Explain the impact of the amendments during the Reconstruction Era

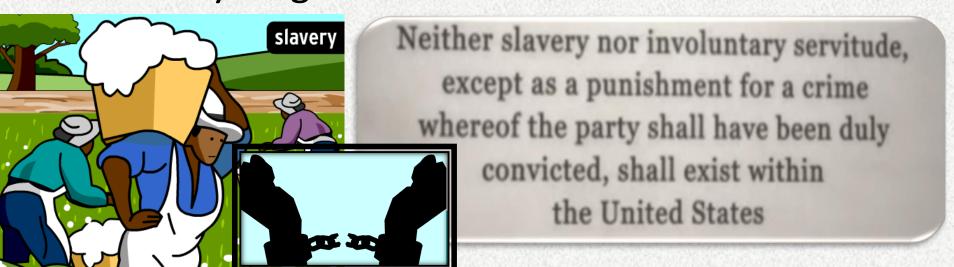




13th Amendment

O What is the 13th amendment? What was Lincoln's inspiration?

In 1865, right before Lincoln was assassinated, the Thirteenth Amendment was passed. Lincoln recognized his Emancipation Proclamation needed to be followed by the constitutional amendment in order to guarantee the abolition of slavery. This amendment made slavery illegal in the United States.

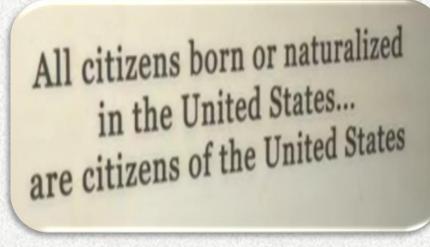




14th Amendment

What is the 14th amendment? What can the state governments not allow to do?

To further protect the rights of African Americans, Congress approved the Fourteenth Amendment. This amendment declared former slaves to be citizens with full civil rights. This meant that state governments could not treat some citizens less equal than others.









15th Amendment

O What is the 15th amendment? What did it not allow?

The Fifteenth Amendment, the last of the Reconstruction amendments was designed to close the last means being used by white Southern leaders to deny civil rights to newly-freed, former slaves. This amendment guaranteed voting rights to former slaves and cannot be taken away because of race, and the color of their skin. However, it did not allow women to vote.



Reconstruction Amendments



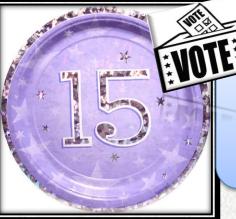
Abolish slavery





Provide citizenship to freedmen





Guarantee voting rights to freedmen (only males)