

Declare - to announce

Unalienable - rights that cannot be taken away.

Grievances - Complaints

Preamble - introduction

Natural rights - laws you were born with

Self evident - obvious truth

Treason - crime to your country

Magna Carta - great charter

D.O.1 Notes

John Locke

- Protect natural rights
- Social Contract by self-govt.

Magna Carta

- Great Charter in 1215
- Challenge authority to the king
- Limited king's power by petition

Thomas Paine

- Wrote the "Common Sense"
- Written propaganda of independence
- Influence Thomas Jefferson to write the D.O.1.



IT'S TOO LATE TO APOLOGIZE: A DECLARATION



*Halfway across the globe
 And we're standing on new ground
 Screaming 'cross the waves
 You can't hear a sound
 There's no fair trials, no trade, no liberties
 No tea; we've colonized America; we won't stand for tyranny
 Oh King*

What document is shown in the beginning?

Declaration of Independence

Why would they show the pen and ink?

Writing the D.O.I

What man do they show?

King George III

Does he look concerned?

Looks like a tyrant king

Why did they put the picture of the stamp?

Stamp Act passed by Parliament

And it's too late to apologize

It's too late

I said it's too late to apologize

It's too late



What are the men doing?

Meeting at the
2nd Continental Congress

Who do you think these men are?

Founding Fathers

*We've paid your foolish tax, read the acts
And they just won't do
We want to make it clear, we believe this much is true
All men are created with certain*



*Unalienable rights
Among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit
Of happiness*

As the men are writing the King is shown reading. What is the reaction of the king?

King is upset, angry, disbelief & mistrust

*And it's too late to apologize
It's too late
I said it's too late to apologize
It's too late*

*And it's too late to apologize
It's too late
I said it's too late to apologize
It's too late*

*And it's too late to apologize
It's too late
I said it's too late to apologize
It's too late*

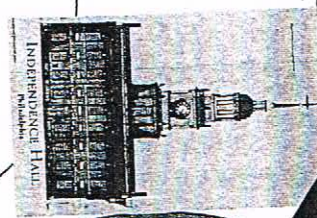
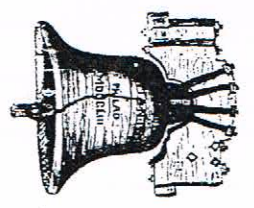
*Halfway across the globe
And we're standing on the ground*

Why did they show the man with the rifle and then the picture of the King burning?

Rifle - to fight a war

King burning - to get rid of the King for Independence

Philadelphia
State House
- Independence Hall

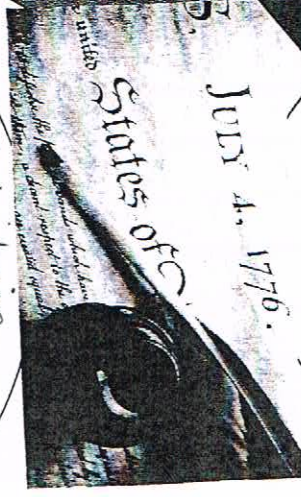


2nd
Continental
Congress

When and Where?



July
4th
1776



Writing
the Declaration
of Independence

THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

Declaration means
- statement or announcement

Independence means
- freedom

PART ONE

Preamble is the ...
- introduction (separate preambles for Declaration of Independence and Constitution)

Unalienable are the ...
- Rights that cannot be taken away such as Life, Liberty, Pursuit of Happiness

PART TWO

List of Grievances
- complaints made to King George III of England

What does this affect?

War for Independence

Articles of Confederation

- National government make weak on purpose

U.S. Constitution
Laws, 3 branches, and the Bill of Rights

PART THREE

FROM: The 13 colonies

TO: King George III

Written by:

Thomas Jefferson

Date ratified:

July 4th 1776

Where met:

Philadelphia State House

First to sign:

John Hancock

Locke's Social Contract



"Men have rights by their nature... We give upon our right to ourselves exact [revenge] for crimes in return for nonjudgmental] justice backed by overwhelming force. We retain the right to life and liberty, and gain the right to just impartial protection of our property." " Society creates order and grants the state its [purpose]... The only important role of the state is to ensure that justice is seen to be done" "If a ruler seeks absolute power, if he acts both as judge and participant in disputes, he puts himself in a state of war with his subjects and we have the right and the duty to kill such rulers and their servants." "All just power is derived from the consent of the governed (people)."

-John Locke

What rights are all men entitled to according to Locke?

Natural Rights

According to Locke, what do citizens have the right too if their ruler is abusing power?

To kill or punish

Where does Locke say the power is derived (comes from)?

Consent from the people



The Declaration of Independence July 4, 1776

"We hold these truths to be self-evident, are created equal, that they are endowed Creator with certain unalienable Rights, t these are Life, Liberty and the pursuit of That to secure these rights, Governments among Men, deriving their just powers fr consent of the governed, — That whenever Government becomes destructive of these Right of the People to alter or to abolish institute new Government, laying its found principles and organizing its powers in suc them shall seem most likely to effect their Happiness"

-Declaration of Independence, 7-1

According to the document what rights do have?

Unalienable Rights

What is suggested that people should do i government is abusing its power?

Abolish (to get rid of)

Where do the writers say the power of the comes from?

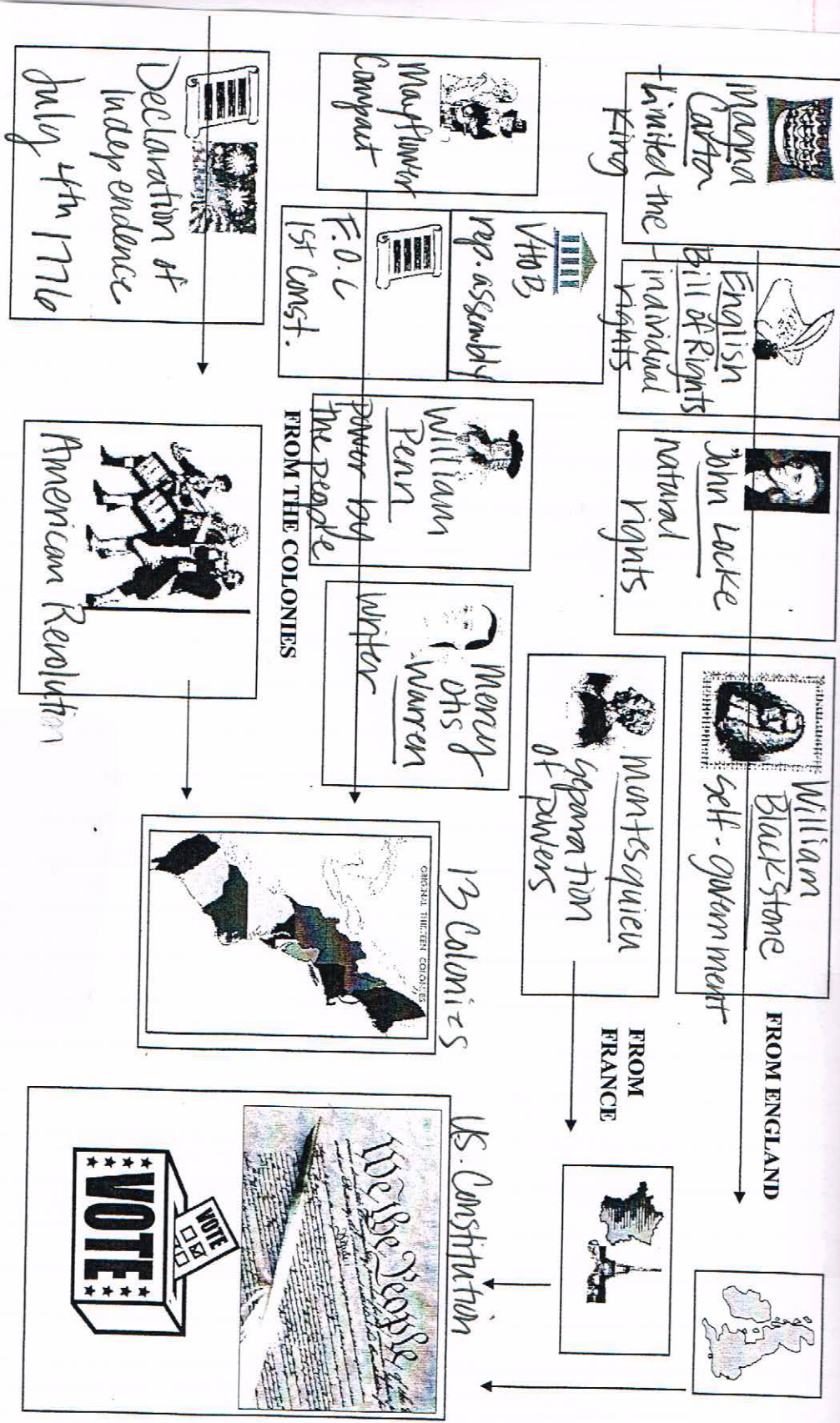
By voting
This principle in the Constitution is Popula

GLOSSARY

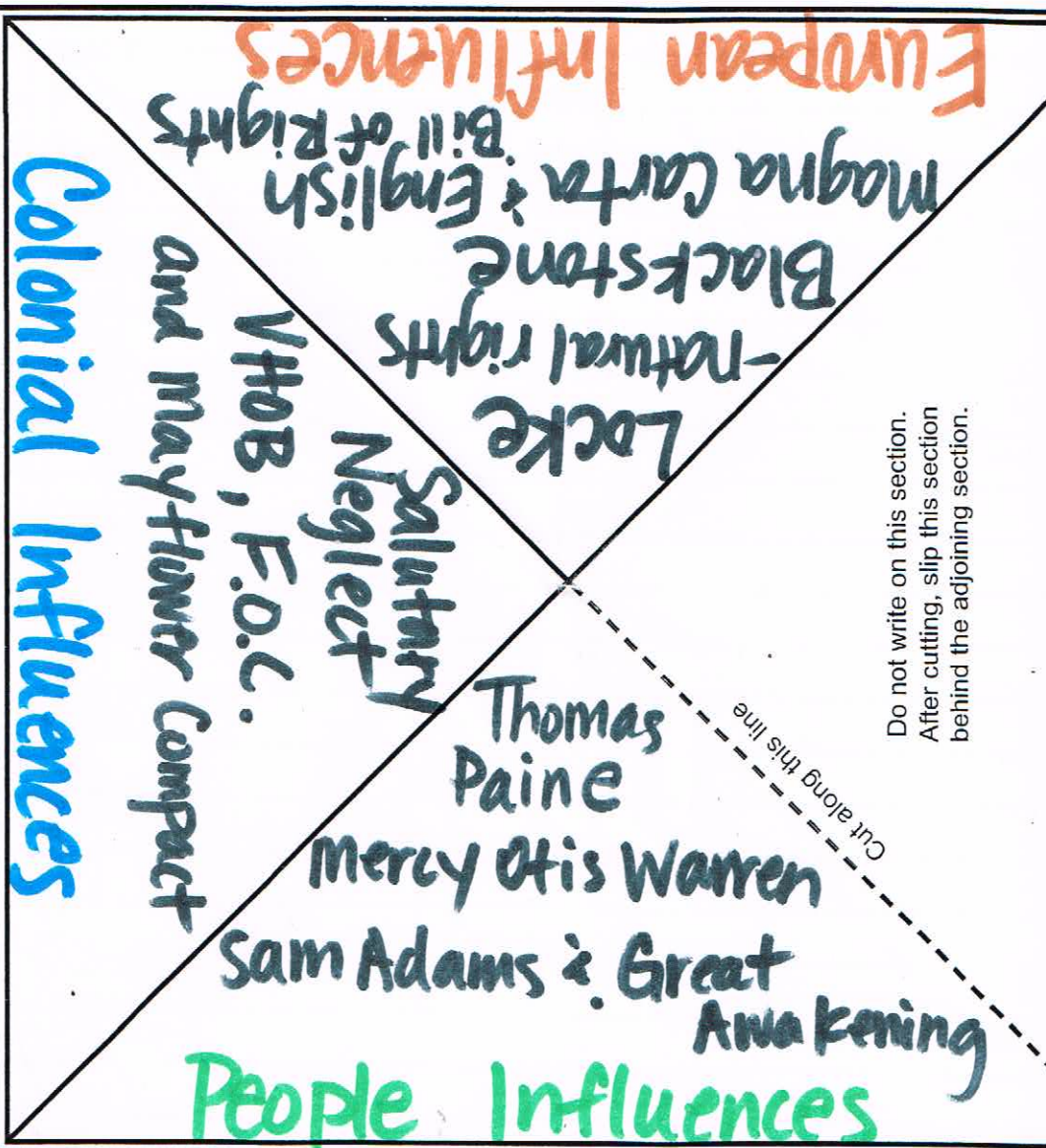
- exact - demand
- retain - keep
- impartial - not favoring one side
- grants - gives
- ensure - makes sure that
- derived - comes from
- consent - approval

GLOSSARY

- self-evident - clearly true
- endowed - given
- unalienable rights - rights cannot be taken
- pursuit - going after something
- instituted - put into place
- alter - changed
- abolish - get rid of
- foundations - base on which something re



D.O.I. Influences



Title:

Thomas Jefferson write the D.O.I
- influence by John Locke

Dear Mr. Dean,

I am a 8th grader at Burnet Middle School. The years I have attend as a student, I notice there are issues I would want to change....

List of grievances:

- Dress code
- Better Cafeteria food
- Privileges to use cell phones
- Cleaner restrooms.

I feel my unalienable rights are taken away because...

(* Explain to Mr. Dean on how he can change the school.)