

Course Map

This Course: **U.S. History**

Student: **Ms. Bisco**

includes

○ Community Principles
SAIL/Social Compact
Participation and Effort
Teamwork
Respect
Responsibility

○ Learning Rituals
Interactive Notebook
Projects
Video Clips
Discussions
Class Website Use
Notes and writing assignments
Quizzes and Tests

○ Performance Options
Extended Project Choices
Extra Credit Options
Presentation Choices

○ Critical Concepts

- ❖ Economics and Culture
- ❖ Environment and Geography
- ❖ History of Revolution and Independence
- ❖ Roles and Responsibilities of citizens and government
- ❖ Science, Technology and Society and Reform
- ❖ Progress and Change
- ❖ Historic Conflicts and Resolutions

○ Learned in these Units

U.S. Geography and Environment

Exploration and European Settlements in the U.S.

The 13 colonies

The American Revolution and Independence

United States Government and Constitution

The New Republic and Early Presidencies

The Industrial Revolution

Growth and Expansion of the U.S.

Reform

The Civil War and Reconstruction

GEOGRAPHY

Study of the earth's surface and its features (mountains, rivers plains, ect.)



Big Ideas / Understandings

- ① Historic events and affects of Current issues.
- ② People adapt & modify their environment.
- ③ U.S. key regions and physical features.

Barrier - an object or feature that stops free movement of goods and people.
Ex: A road block; mountains, rivers

Geography Vocabulary

Era - is a span of time marked by events and changes on earth

Ex: how music changes through out history

Chronological (order) - is arranged in order it happen

Ex: I woke up, brush my teeth, got dress, went to work.

Geography - study of the earth's surface and its features (mountains, rivers, plains, etc..)

Physical Features - landforms of the earth surface

Ex: rivers, mountains, canyons ...)

Elevation - the height of land above sea level

Ex: Lake Travis / townlake

Harbor - a sheltered (protected) body of water deep enough for ships to anchor.

Ex: Boston harbor, New Orleans harbor

Barrier - an object or feature that stops free movement of goods and people

Ex: A road block; mountains, rivers

5 Geography Vocabulary

Tributary - A body of water flowing into a larger body of water

Ex: Streams, creeks - Shoal Creek into Colorado River

Human Habitation - Place where people live

Settlement Patterns - where buildings (homes) of different sizes and shapes in an area

Natural Resources - something that can be used that is from nature and is not man-made

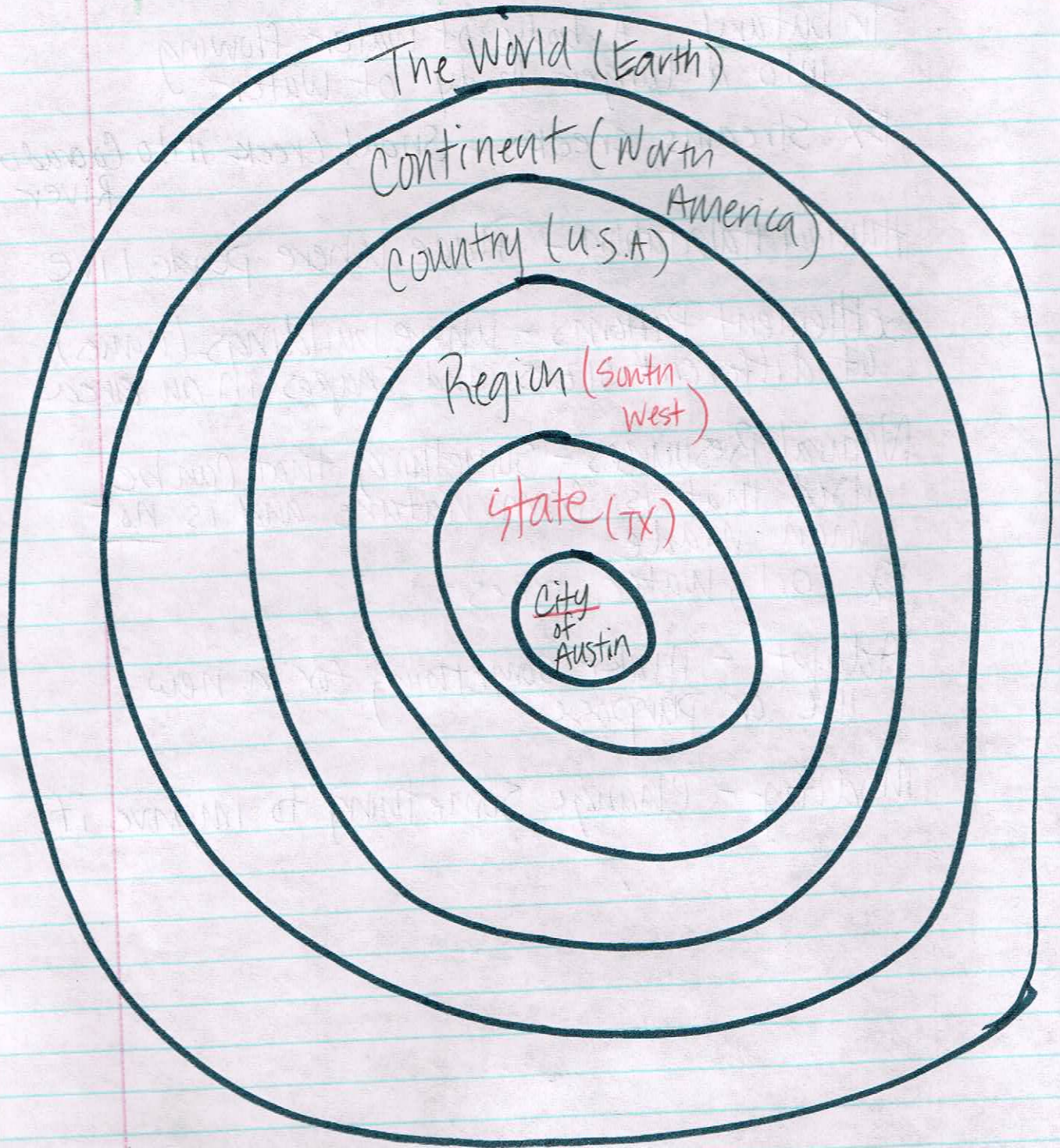
Ex: oil, water, trees

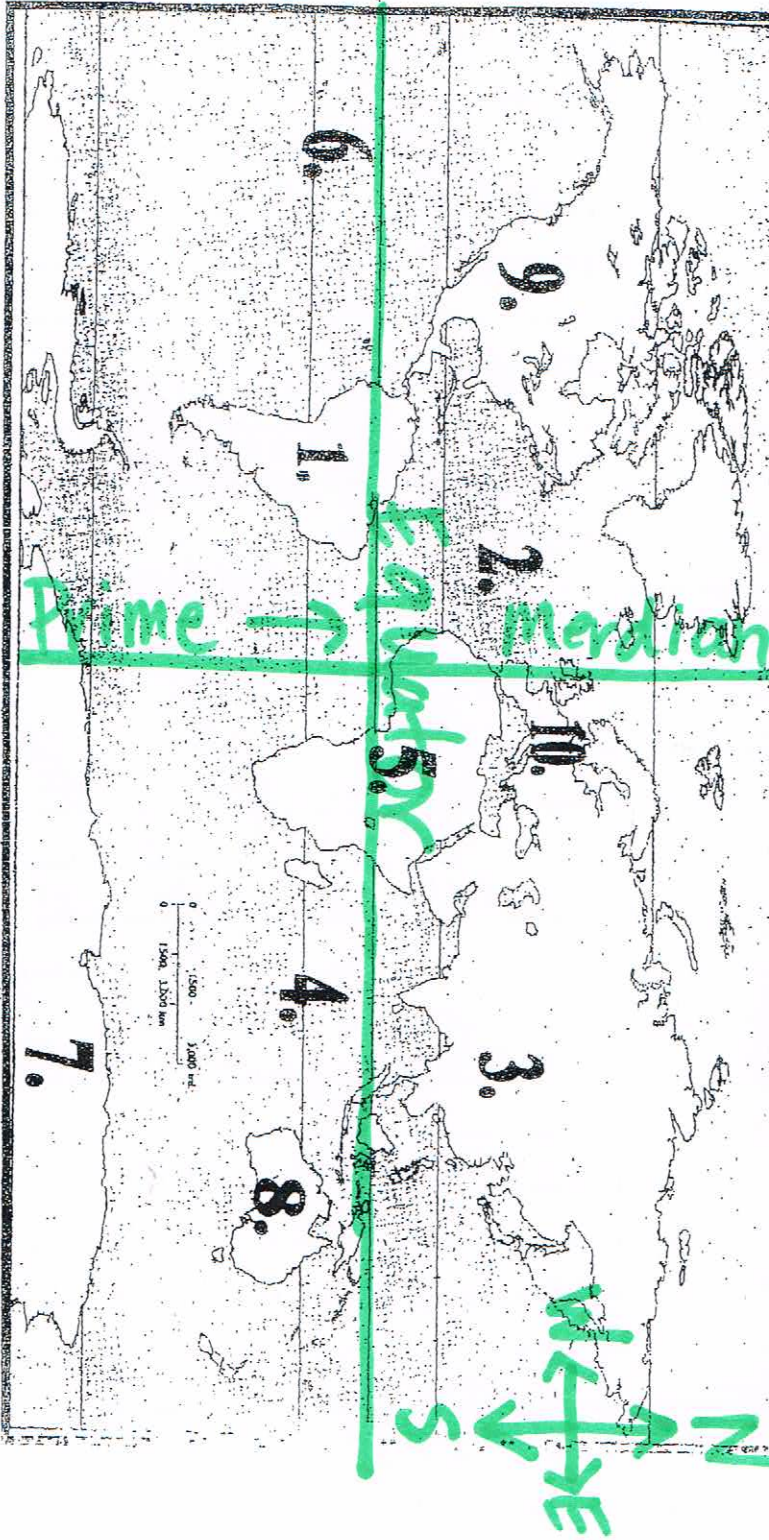
Adapt - Make something for a new use or purpose

Modify - Change something to improve it.

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From here to there?





Africa
Antarctica
Asia
Atlantic Ocean

Australia
Europe
Indian Ocean

North America
Pacific Ocean
South America

1. South America
2. Atlantic Ocean
3. Asia
4. Indian Ocean
5. Africa

6. Pacific Ocean
7. Antarctica
8. Australia
9. North America
10. Europe

Sierra Nevada Mts

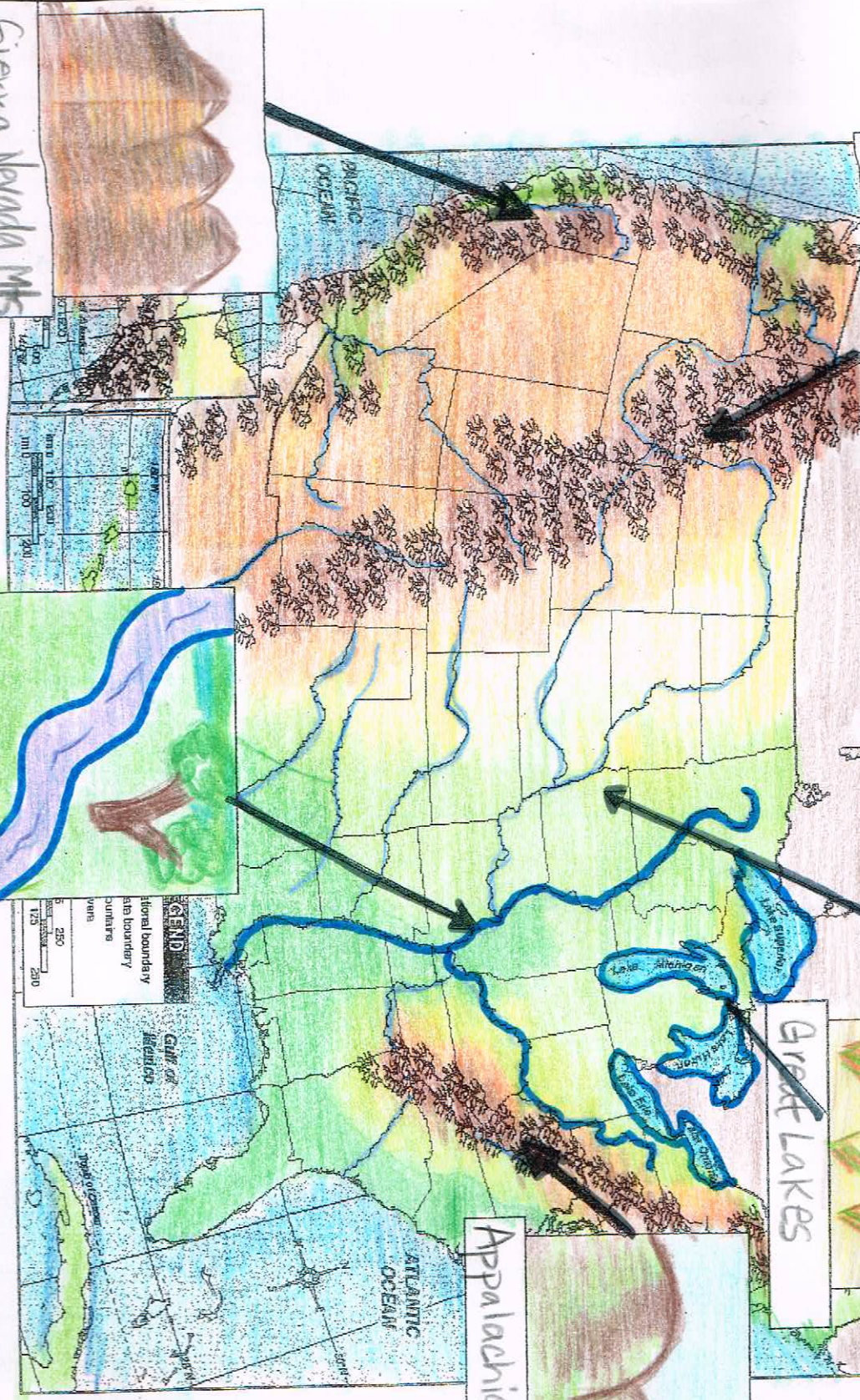
Rocky Mountains

Great Plains

Great Lakes

Appalachian Mts

Mississippi River



LEGEND

- International boundary
- State boundary
- Counties
- Vegetation

Scale: 0 250 500 Miles

Scale: 0 125 250 Kilometers

